Demonstrating Ag Progress on Water Quality: Modeling the Effectiveness of EQIP-funded conservation practices.



Regulation 85 (5 CCR 1002-85):

- Promulgated in 2012.
- Nutrient control regulation (N & P) governing point and NPS pollution in surface waters.
- Provides for voluntary management of Nonpoint Sources of pollution by encouraging the use of BMPs.
- Carrot and Stick: After 10 years (2022), the WQCC may consider adoption of <u>additional prohibitions or precautionary measures</u> if voluntary controls on nonpoint sources are not effective in reducing nutrient loads and protecting classified uses.
- 2020: WQCC reviews progress on nutrient controls in protecting water quality.
- 2022: WQCC reviews "NPS controls and incentive program progress."

CDPHE's Road Map for Regulation 85 compliance:



What's been done so far?

Outreach and Awareness activities focusing on Regulation 85 and it's relevance to the Agricultural Industry.

- Presentations to agricultural producers and organizations
- Website, videos and factsheets (CSU) (https://coagnutrients.colostate.edu/)
- Edge-of-field monitoring studies (CSU ongoing).

Not much progress on actually quantifying large scale water quality improvement and protection in agriculture.

Project Goal:

"Measure" the Effects of EQIP Conservation Practices using CSU's model.

The project uses:

- 1) Existing NRCS EQIP conservation practice data
- 2) CSU CLEAN Center Edge-of-Field Conservation modeling tool.

Background on EQIP

USDA – NRCS Environmental Quality Incentive Program (EQIP)

- Colorado agricultural producers have used the NRCS Environmental Quality Incentive Program (EQIP) for decades to help implement conservation practices that protect and/or improve water quality and soil health.
- Conservation practices are standardized. Each practice has a standard and SOW.
- NRCS tracks EQIP-funded project details by practice(s) installed, acres, cost, year).
- Valuable Data, but never used to quantify progress on water quality.



Project Purpose:

- **1. Quantify** progress made in reducing pollutant losses from fields through the use of conservation practices.
- 2. Report conclusions to the WQCC and public.

Funding:

- Colorado Corn Administrative Committee
- Colorado Livestock Association
- Colorado Pork Producers Council
- State of Colorado

Project Roles: Brink, Inc. (Phil): Overall Project Coordinator CSU Clean Center (Tyler): Modeling & Analytical Lead / Co-coordinator



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HYDROLOGY

 Map of important hydrologic characteristics for the Colorado counties considered in this analysis



Legend





IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE (2015)

Combined

- ~2,140,000 Acres
 - ~48,000 fields

South Platte and Republican River Basin

- ~1,200,000 Acres
 - ~22,000 fields

Lower Arkansas River Valley Irrigated Agriculture

- ~430,000 Acres
 - ~17,000 fields

San Luis Valley Irrigated Agriculture

- ~510,000 Acres
 - ~8,900 fields



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COLORADO AGRICULTURAL SURVEY*

Overview

- Statewide survey
 - Targeted towards irrigated farms with at least 100 acres
 - Sent in 2011 (for the 2010 crop year)
- Focus on BMP adoption rates and costs
- Response rate of 37%, but still useable

Results

- Tillage
 - 60% Conventional
 - 30% Reduced
 - 10% Strip
- Fertilizer
 - 70% Split-Apply



*Technical Report TR13-10, Agricultural Experiment Station





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EQIP OVERVIEW

- USDA Cost-Share Projects
- Implemented between 2008 and 2018
- Examples Include
 - Irrigation
 - Tillage
 - Cover Crops
 - Prescribed Grazing
- CLEAN Center Modeling
 - Irrigation
 - Tillage
 - Filter Strips





195,000 EQIP ACRES OF SPRINKLER/DRIP IRRIGATION ADDED



201,000 EQIP ACRES OF STRIP TILLAGE ADDED



15,600 EQIP ACRES OF NO TILLAGE ADDED





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SINGLE FIELD RESULTS

• Tillage Reductions

	Nitrate	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphorus
Conventional	-	-	-
Reduced	21%	19%	4%
Strip	23%	21%	3%

• Irrigation Reductions

	Nitrate	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphorus
Flood	-	-	-
Sprinkler	24%	13%	59%

• Split Application Reductions

	Nitrate	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphorus
Single Application	-	-	-
Split Apply	9.9%	8.62%	9.7%

BASELINE

Total Nitrogen

• 5.453* lbs/acre/year

Total Phosphorus

• 0.328* lbs/acre/year

REDUCTION BY EQIP IRRIGATION

Total Nitrogen

• 5.408* lbs/acre/year (1% reduction TN)

Legend n irr Iba Processing 0.01 - 1.41 1.42 - 2.35 2.36 - 4.52 4.53 - 6.91 N Miles 0 25 50 100 200 150

Total Phosphorus

• 0.308* lbs/acre/year (6% reduction TP)

REDUCTION BY EQIP STRIP TILLAGE

Total Nitrogen

• 5.453* lbs/acre/year

Total Phosphorus

• 0.328* lbs/acre/year

REDUCTION BY EQIP NO TILLAGE

Total Nitrogen

• 5.453* lbs/acre/year

Total Phosphorus

• 0.328* lbs/acre/year

REDUCTION BY FULL ADOPTION

Total Nitrogen

• 3.940* lbs/acre/year (30% reduction TN)

Total Phosphorus

• 0.317* lbs/acre/year (3% reduction TP)

Discussion

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> Urban Water Systems Integrating management of water systems with urban planning

Water for Agriculture

Sustaining agricultural production in a changing world

Water and Energy

Exploring tradeoffs among interconnected water and energy systems

Ecosystem Services

Improving physical, chemical, and biological integrity of water systems

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CLEAN DASHBOARD

Purpose

Geospatial User Interface for watershed selection and comparison of management scenarios to summarize average annual nutrient loads by source.

eRAMS Analyses

- Wastewater Treatment Plants Annual Load (EPA STORET/WQX)
- Urban Stormwater Runoff
- Edge of Field Irrigated Agriculture Runoff
- Groundwater Seepage/Discharge (South Platte MODFLOW model)
- Forest and Rangeland runoff (USGS SPARROW)

CSIP Services

- csip-clean
- csip-clean-stormwater
- csip-wrap
- csip-cfa

Total Nitrogen

Environmental Resource Assessment & Management System (eRAMS)

A platform for development and deployment of web-based water analytics: Computationally scalable and accessible data and analysis tools

ERAMS

Technology Platform

