

WILDFIRE READY WATERSHEDS

STATEWIDE POST-FIRE SUSCEPTIBILITY

A PLAN TO IDENTIFY THE RISKS TO LIFE, PROPERTY, AND INFRASTRUCTURE
ASSOCIATED WITH THE POST-FIRE HAZARDS AND MITIGATE FUTURE IMPACTS
AND LOSSES

September 16, 2021



COLORADO
Colorado Water
Conservation Board

Department of Natural Resources

SENATE BILL SB 21-240

The Board shall expend up to five hundred thousand dollars by December 31, 2022, for a statewide watershed analysis to investigate susceptibility of life, safety, infrastructure, and water supplies to wildfire impacts.

VISION

**WILDFIRE
READY
WATERSHEDS**



MISSION



The CWCB will assess the susceptibility of Colorado's water resources, communities and critical infrastructure to post-wildfire impacts and advance a framework for communities to plan and implement mitigation strategies to minimize these impacts – before wildfires occur.

STUDY GOALS

1

Define and identify post-wildfire hazards that threaten life safety, property, and infrastructure.

2

Identify the elements of an effective education and communication program that relays the findings, action items, and tools of the assessment.

3

Encourage the use of planning and land management actions to protect the health and resilience of watersheds, wetlands, and stream corridors as a strategy to reduce susceptibility to hazards following wildfires.

4

Advance a watershed and landscape scale approach to planning and recovery



TWO PART FOCUS

STATEWIDE SUSCEPTIBILITY

FUTURE FRAMEWORK FOR COMMUNITIES



SUSCEPTIBILITY

DATA COLLECTION

- Data Collection
- Literature Review
- Gap Analysis
- Data Development
- Stakeholder Coordination and Outreach

SUSCEPTIBILITY ANALYSIS

- Identification of Values at Risk
- Post fire hazard identification
- Analysis

MAPPING AND REPORTING

- Watershed Risk Characterization
- Statewide Mapping and Data
- Narrative and Findings

SUSCEPTIBILITY

IDENTIFICATION OF VALUES/ASSETS AT RISK

- Water Supplies
- Agriculture and food production
- Private property (homes and/or businesses)
- Critical facilities
- Transportation infrastructure
- Utility infrastructure
- Human life and safety
- Critical habitats
- Recreational facilities and uses
- Nature-based infrastructure (Blue/Green infrastructure)
- Mining (reclaimed/active)
- Cultural resources (heritage values)
- Superfund sites

SUSCEPTIBILITY

POST-FIRE HAZARDS



- Floods after fire
- Fluvial
 - erosion and deposition
- Debris flows
- Hillslope erosion
- Landslides
- Contamination

SUSCEPTIBILITY

VULNERABILITY EVALUATION



Impacts to be Evaluated

- Loss of life
- Flooding and flood damage
- Debris and fluvial impacts (mudflow and rockfall)
- Water quality and quantity
- Natural resource loss
- Transportation and utility interruptions
- Dam failure (jurisdictional and non-jurisdictional)
- Economic (business closures, loss of property, wages, time)

SUSCEPTIBILITY

A group of five people are standing in a field, looking towards a river or stream. They are dressed in outdoor attire, including hats and backpacks. The background shows a line of trees and a hazy sky. The overall tone is warm and natural.

STAKEHOLDER COORDINATION AND OUTREACH

STAKEHOLDER COLLABORATION

Collaboration with key stakeholders to obtain data, research, methodologies, and other related information to support the statewide susceptibility assessment.

STAKEHOLDER OUTREACH

Community outreach and education presenting the assessment process, findings, and recommendations regarding how to use the developed assessment framework

FRAMEWORK

Develop a framework for local communities and stakeholders that they can implement to further refine their susceptibility evaluations and determine both pre and post wildfire mitigation strategies to reduce risk to life, property and infrastructure.



...house, e.g. a state agency or...
The expertise housed within this de...
...assessments of problems...
...decisions. The...

Comprehensive recovery takes time...
support of...

...agency must, with...
...realistic timelines...
...meaningful projects and...
...as a reality.

...n-kind match for...
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Recommendations for Pre-Disaster Actions:

- Invest in developing personal relationships with state and federal partners. Knowing federal program managers on a first name basis and having a high degree of trust with them can make a huge difference during flood recovery.
- Determine leadership responsibilities and organizational structures for specific disaster types, (i.e. wildfires or flooding, on a state or regional basis). This structure will establish how funding will be distributed and which agency will set the vision and overall goals and objectives of the recovery effort and allow recovery efforts to hit the ground running when disaster strikes.
- Invest in and allow for longer timelines for recovery project development and construction. Longer timelines can improve outcomes by allowing proper vetting of alternatives, public outreach and communication, and expanded partnerships for funding and multiple benefits. Longer timelines also provide a better opportunity to resolve unforeseen and lengthy permitting processes that might otherwise create significant challenges to project implementation.

...disciplines and in collaboration...
...that no opportunity is left behind.
...NO: Disaster Response, Saint Vrain Creek, Lyons, CO



FRAMEWORK

MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE FRAMEWORK

Stakeholders and Partners

Development of a comprehensive guide of funding partners, resources, and agency planning and recovery teams. Outline a process for local agencies to work with those partners to establish values at risk and appropriate mitigation actions, both before and after fires.

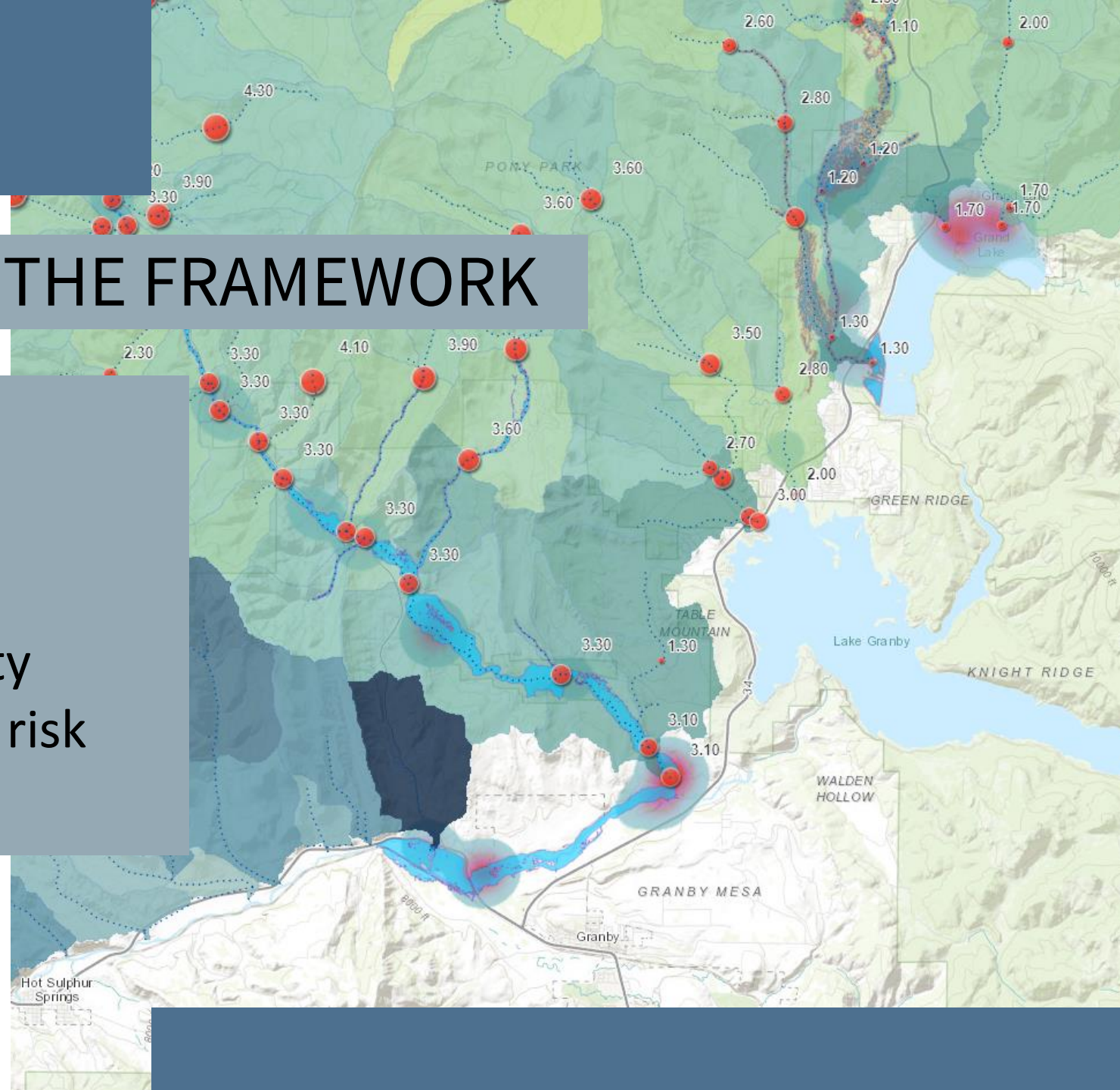


FRAMEWORK

MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE FRAMEWORK

GIS Preparedness

Checklist of data needed to perform a comprehensive watershed scale susceptibility assessment and/or post-fire risk assessment.



FRAMEWORK

MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE FRAMEWORK

Hazard Evaluations

Types and Methodologies

Recommended hazard evaluations and their use in determining post-fire susceptibility.

Colorado FLUVIAL HAZARD ZONE Delineation Protocol

PUBLIC REVIEW DRAFT

JANUARY 2020



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1.0

FRAMEWORK

An aerial photograph showing a wide, muddy river with a large debris field of rocks and logs. To the right, a multi-lane highway is visible with several vehicles, including a red truck, and workers in high-visibility vests near the riverbank. The background features a steep, forested hillside.

MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE FRAMEWORK

Susceptibility Analysis

Guidance regarding how to use hazard evaluations to identify values at risk and categorize impacts.

FRAMEWORK



MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE FRAMEWORK

Pre- and Post-Fire Actions

Actions that communities can take to address susceptibility to wildfires

FRAMEWORK



PILOT STUDY

Complete a watershed and landscape level scale susceptibility study on one or two watersheds using the developed framework as an example for local agencies and stakeholders.

THANK YOU

Questions?

Chris Sturm, CWCB

chris.sturm@state.co.us

Jeff Sickles, Enginuity

jsickles@enginuity-es.com

Katie Jagt, Watershed Science & Design

katiejagt@watershedscienceanddesign.com

Michael Blazewicz, Round River Design

michael@roundriverdesign.com



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